Rademacher functions in weighted Cesàro spaces

Javier Carrillo Alanís

Universidad de Sevilla

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ABSTRACT: The behaviour of the Rademacher series $\sum a_k r_k$ has been thoroughly studied in a range of function spaces. For $1 \leq p < \infty$, the classical Khintchine inequality states that $\|\sum a_k r_k\|_{L^p} \asymp \|(a_k)\|_2$. Rodin and Semenov characterized those rearrangement invariant spaces X such that $\|\sum a_k r_k\|_X \asymp \|(a_k)\|_2$.

S. V. Astashkin and L. Maligranda have studied in 2010 the case of the Cesàro function spaces Ces(p):

$$||f||_{\operatorname{Ces}(p)} = \left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{x}\int_0^x |f(t)|dt\right)^p dx\right)^{1/p}.$$

We study, for $\omega(x)$ a positive weight, the span of the Rademacher functions in the weighted Cesàro spaces,

$$||f||_{\operatorname{Ces}(\omega,p)} = \left(\int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{\omega(x)}\int_0^x |f(t)|dt\right)^p dx\right)^{1/p}.$$

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References

 J. Carrillo-Alanís, Rademacher functions in weighted Cesàro spaces, Studia Math., 217(1) (2013).