

# Open problem: Asymptotic of the Christoffel function in 2-variables

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# Koornwinder's method to generate bivariate OP

- Let  $\omega_1, \omega_2$  weight functions in the real intervals  $(a, b)$  and  $(c, d)$ , respectively.
- Let  $\sigma$  a positive function in  $(a, b)$ , such that:
  - i)*  $\sigma$  is a polynomial of degree 1,
  - ii)* or  $\sigma$  is the square root of a nonnegative polynomial of degree 2 and  $\omega_2$  is an even weight function in a symmetric interval  $(-c, c)$ .
- $p_{n,m}$  the  $n$ -th orthonormal polynomial with respect to the weight  $\sigma(x)^{2m+1}\omega_1(x)$
- $q_m$ , the  $m$ -th orthonormal polynomial with respect to  $\omega_2$ ,

# Koornwinder's method to generate multivariate OP

## Theorem (Koornwinder)

The polynomials

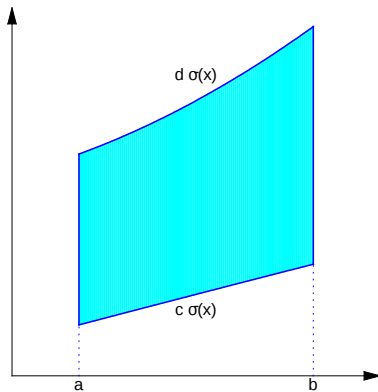
$$P_k^n(x, y) = p_{n-k, k}(x) \sigma(x)^k q_k \left( \frac{y}{\sigma(x)} \right), \quad 0 \leq k \leq n,$$

are orthonormal with respect to the weight function

$$W(x, y) = \omega_1(x) \omega_2 \left( \frac{y}{\sigma(x)} \right), \quad (x, y) \in R,$$

where  $R = \{(x, y) : a < x < b, c\sigma(x) < y < d\sigma(x)\}$ .

# Koornwinder's method to generate multivariate OP



# Koornwinder's method to generate multivariate OP

We can use this method to construct OP with respect to some weight function on

- the square ( $\sigma(x) = 1$ )
- the unit circle ( $\sigma(x) = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ )
- the simplex ( $\sigma(x) = 1 - x$ )
- a parabolic region ( $\sigma(x) = \sqrt{x}$ )
- ...

The reproducing kernels satisfy

$$K_n(W; x, y; x, y) = \sum_{k=0}^n K_{n-k,k}(x, x) \sigma(x)^{2k} q_k^2 \left( \frac{y}{\sigma(x)} \right)$$

where  $K_{n-k,k}(x, u)$  denotes the reproducing kernel with respect to the weight  $\sigma(x)^{2k+1} \omega_1(x)$

## Remark

The reproducing kernel and the Christoffel function are independent of the particular choice of the family of orthonormal polynomials.

# Open problem

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Can we deduce the asymptotic for reproducing kernel  $K_n(W; x, y; x, y)$  (and the Christoffel function) from the asymptotic for the kernels associated to  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$  ?